## Exercise: Repeat Resolution

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## 1 Algorithm of Tammi

Given the following multiple alignment and corresponding error rates find all pairs of DNPs with $p^{\text {corr }} \leq p_{\max }^{\text {corr }}=0.25$. Why is this threshold not appropriate?

Note: Since there are many calculation steps, it is recommended to implement an algorithm or use a spreadsheet e.g. Excel.

| A | T | G | C | T | .01 | .01 | .001 | .01 | .1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | T | A | A | A | .01 | .01 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| A | T | G | C | A | .001 | .001 | .001 | .001 | .01 |
| A | T | G | C | A | .001 | .001 | .001 | .001 | .01 |
| C | T | T | A | A | .001 | .001 | .001 | .001 | .001 |
| C | T | C | A | A | .001 | .01 | .01 | .01 | .001 |
| A | A | T | C | A | .01 | .1 | .1 | .01 | .01 |

## 2 Algorithm of Kececioglu

Given the following multiple alignment: The columns 2 and 5 are identified as DNPs and

| C | A | T | C | A |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | A | T | C | C |
| C | T | G | C | T |
| C | A | T | C | A |
| C | T | T | G | T |

$\mathrm{k}=2$, that means the DNPs can be split into 2 groups.
Build a $K_{n}$ graph and formulate an ILP for the problem. The ILP is going to have a lot of constraints. Solve it with a LP solver (e.g. soplex).

