## Optimization

WS 2012/13

## Exercises 2

## 1. Bases and Basic Solutions (Niveau I)

Consider the polyhedron $P \subset \mathbb{R}^{2}$ defined by the system of linear inequalities

$$
\begin{equation*}
x_{1}+x_{2} \leq 4, \quad 0 \leq x_{1} \leq 4, \quad 0 \leq x_{2} \leq 2 \tag{*}
\end{equation*}
$$

(a) Write $\left(^{*}\right)$ in the form $A x \leq b$, for some $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ and $b \in \mathbb{R}^{m}$.
(b) Determine the bases of $\left(^{*}\right)$ and the corresponding basic solutions.
(c) Which of them are feasible?
(d) Give for each vertex of $P$ the corresponding feasible bases.
2. Consider the linear optimization problem:

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
\max & c_{1} x_{1}+c_{2} x_{2} \\
\text { w.r.t. } & x_{1}-x_{2} \leq 1
\end{array}
$$

Determine coefficients $\left(c_{1}, c_{2}\right)$ of the objective function such that
(a) the problem has a unique optimal solution.
(b) the problem has multiple optimal solutions and the set of optimal solutions is bounded.
(c) the problem has multiple optimal solutions and the set of optimal solutions is unbounded.
(d) the problem has feasible solutions, but no optimal solutions.

Finally, add one constraint so that the problem becomes infeasible.

## 3. Simplex Algorithm (Niveau I)

As the year draws to a close you plan a cool New Year's Eve party where you invite some of your best friends. But you are not a really good friend that pays for the drinks, you want to sell them at your party. You will sell coke and beer and you want to make money. You will make 1 Euro profit per liter coke and 2 Euro per liter beer. In your car you can transport 150 kg of drinks. While coke comes in light plastic bottles it weighs 1 kg per liter whereas the heavy glass bottles result in a weight of 1.5 kg per liter beer. The store had only 35 liters of your favorite beer and you had to promise your mother that at least $2 / 3$ of the drinks will be non-alcoholic. How many liters of coke and beer should you buy to maximize your profit?
(a) Model the problem as a linear optimization problem.
(b) Solve it by applying the Simplex method as discussed in the lecture (You may skip phase I and start without any drinks).

## 4. Duality (Niveau II)

A farmer owns 12 acres of land. He can cultivate potatoes, corn and wheat. Given the data

|  | Potatoes | Corn | Wheat | Available |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Cultivation costs (in €/a.) | 24 | 36 | 18 | $360 €$ |
| Labor hours per a. | 6 | 6 | 2 | 48 hours |
| Profit (in €/a.) | 30 | 40 | 20 |  |

what should he plant in order to maximize the profit?
(a) Model the problem as a linear optimization problem.
(b) Formulate the dual problem and give an economic interpretation.
(c) Use some solver (e.g. our Clp demo program) to solve both problems and compare their optimal values.

