

## Surfaces and Automorphisms

Problem Set 1  
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### Exercise 1

Recall that  $T(f) = g_{\text{fund}} \star f$ , where  $g_{\text{fund}} = \frac{1}{\pi z}$  and  $f \in C_c^1(\mathbb{C})$ , and  $S = \partial \circ T$ . Show that  $S$  is scale invariant, i.e. it commutes with the operator  $s_r$  that is given by

$$s_r(f) = f \circ l_r$$

where  $l_r(z) = rz$  for  $r \in \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$ .

### Exercise 2

Show that for  $f \in C_c^0(\mathbb{C})$  and  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$ , the function  $T(f)$  is  $\alpha$ -Hölder continuous. If you get stuck, check Hubbard, Theorem A.6.3.2.

### Exercise 3

Show that every  $f \in C^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$  is locally  $\alpha$ -Hölder continuous.

### Exercise 4

Define  $\phi: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  as

$$\phi(z) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \log(\|z\|)$$

Show that  $\phi$  is in  $L_{loc}^1(\mathbb{R}^2)$  and that  $\Delta\phi = 0$  on  $\mathbb{R}^2 - \{0\}$ , where  $\Delta$  is the Laplace operator.

**Remark:** One can indeed show that  $\phi$  is a fundamental solution for the Laplace operator: Given a  $C^2$ -function  $g$ ,  $\phi \star g$  solves  $\Delta f = g$ .