

# Forschungsseminar

## Chow groups of zero cycles over p-adic fields

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### Introduction

Let  $K$  be a  $p$ -adic field, i.e. a finite extension of  $\mathbb{Q}_p$  and  $V$  a smooth geometrically connected variety over  $K$ . Denote by  $CH_0(V)$  the Chow group of zero-cycles on  $V$  and by  $A_0(V) \subset CH_0(V)$  the subgroup of degree zero-cycles. It was conjectured by Colliot-Thélène that the group  $A_0(V)$  is the direct sum of a finite group and a  $p'$ -divisible group. Here a group  $D$  is called  $p'$ -divisible if the multiplication map  $D \rightarrow D$ ,  $d \mapsto nd$  is surjective for any natural number  $n$  which is prime to  $p$ . In this seminar we want to understand the proof of this conjecture given by Saito-Sato in the case of quasi-semistable reduction:

**Theorem 1** ([SS10, Thm 9.7]). *Let  $K$  be a  $p$ -adic field with ring of integers  $\mathcal{O}_K$  and residue field  $k$ . Let  $X$  be a regular connected scheme which is flat and projective over  $\mathcal{O}_K$  and assume that  $(X \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_K} k)_{\text{red}}$  is a divisor with simple normal crossings.*

*Then  $A_0(X \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_K} K)$  is the direct sum of a finite group and a  $p'$ -divisible group.*

A key ingredient in the proof is the following theorem:

**Theorem 2** ([SS10, Thm 1.16]). *Let  $R$  be an excellent henselian DVR with fraction field  $K$  and residue field  $k$ , which we assume to be either finite or separably closed. Let  $X$  be a regular scheme, flat and projective of pure relative dimension  $d$  over  $R$  and assume that  $(X \otimes_R k)_{\text{red}}$  is a divisor with simple normal crossings.*

*Then for any natural number  $n \geq 1$  which is prime to the characteristic of  $k$  the cycle map*

$$\rho_X : CH_1(X)/n \xrightarrow{\simeq} H_{\text{ét}}^{2d}(X, \mu_n^{\otimes d})$$

*is an isomorphism.*

Now to prove Theorem 1 one can use Theorem 2 and Bertini arguments to reduce to the case where  $V = X \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_K} K$  is a curve and then theorem follows from a classical result of Mattuck on the structure of the group of  $K$ -rational points of an abelian variety over  $K$ .

Most of the seminar will be devoted to understand the techniques used in the proof of Theorem 2. In fact as remarked by Bloch [Blo13, Rmk A.4] one can use Gabber's refinement of de Jong's alteration theorem to obtain Theorem 2 also in the case without the quasi-semistable assumption on  $X$ . In case the residue field  $k$  is separably closed Bloch also gives a shorter proof of this theorem. Since we are mainly interested in the case of finite residue field we essentially follow [SS10], but we try to incorporate a simplification of Bloch. As an additional reference, one can mention [CT11].

## The Talks

### 1. Introduction: The Chow group of zero-cycles over various fields (23.10.14).

**Aim of the talk:** Give a rough picture of what is known about the structure of the Chow group of zero-cycles of a smooth projective and geometrically connected variety over a finite field, a local field, a number fields and the complex numbers, respectively.

**Details:** Give the relevant definitions and facts from [CT11, p. 1-2]. It would be nice if you could also discuss [Bei87, 5.0-5.2], [Blo80, Lecture 1, Appendix, Thm 6, Cor 9] and [AS07, Thm 1.1]. Finish by stating Theorem 1.

Lars

### 2. The extraordinary inverse image functor in étale cohomology (30.10.14).

**Aim of the talk:** Introduce the extraordinary inverse image functor  $f^! : D^+(Y_{\text{ét}}, \Lambda) \rightarrow D^+(X_{\text{ét}}, \Lambda)$ , where  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is a separated finite type morphism between separated and noetherian schemes and  $\Lambda$  is a torsion ring (e.g.  $\mathbb{Z}/\ell^n\mathbb{Z}$  or  $\mathbb{Q}_\ell/\mathbb{Z}_\ell$ ).

**Details:** Try to explain (without proofs!) [Del73, Thm 3.1.4, Def 3.1.6, Prop 3.1.7, Prop 3.1.8, Thm 3.2.5] and [ILO12, Exp. XVI, Thm 3.1.1, Cor 3.1.2].

NN

### 3. Étale Homology (06.11.14).

**Aim of the talk:** Define the homology theory  $H_q(X, \Lambda)$  and prove some first properties. This homology theory will be an essential tool in the rest of the seminar.

**Details:** Give [SS10, Def (1.4)] and prove [SS10, Prop 1.5, Lem 1.8]. Note that the canonical isomorphism [SS10, (1.9)] in particular yields an isomorphism  $H^{2d-q+2}(X, \Lambda(d)) \cong H_q(X, \Lambda)$ , in particular  $H^{2d}(X, \Lambda(d)) \cong H_2(X, \Lambda)$ .

Gabriel

### 4. The cycle map (13.11.14).

**Aim of the talk:** Define the cycle map  $\rho_X : CH_1(X) \otimes \Lambda \rightarrow H_2(X, \Lambda)$  and prove some first properties. Then state Theorem 2. The aim of the next 8 talks is to explain the proof of this theorem.

**Details:** Explain [SS10, Cor 1.10, (1.12), Prop 1.13] in detail. Then state [SS10, Thm 1.16].

**Challenge:**(This is not needed in the following.) In [SS10, Thm 1.16] the theorem is stated only for  $X$  quasi-semistable. As remarked by Bloch [Blo13, Rmk A.4] the theorem also holds in the general case where  $X$  is regular and flat and projective over  $B$ . If you want you can try to explain this. (For this one needs [ILO12, Exp IX, Thm 1.1] and the fact that if  $f : Y \rightarrow X$  is an alteration between regular schemes of degree prime to  $\ell$  then the cycle map  $\rho_X : CH_1(X) \otimes \mathbb{Z}/\ell^n \rightarrow H_2(X, \mathbb{Z}/\ell^n)$  is a direct factor of  $\rho_Y : CH_1(Y) \otimes \mathbb{Z}/\ell^n \rightarrow H_2(Y, \mathbb{Z}/\ell^n)$ .)

Elena

## 5. Kato homology (20.11.14).

**Aim of the talk:** Introduce the Kato homology of  $X$ . This invariant plays a prominent role in the following.

**Details:** Explain [SS10, Def 2.1]. In particular, explain that the differentials in the complex  $KC(X, \Lambda)$  are the negative of the boundary maps between the Galois cohomology groups. For the definition of the latter boundary maps see e.g. [JSS14, 0.7, (I.1) and (II)], for the comparison with the boundary maps described here see [JSS14, Thm 2.1.1]. Then explain and prove [SS10, (2.3)-(2.5), Lem 2.6, Lem 2.7].

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## 6. The Vanishing Theorem (27.11.14).

**Aim of the talk:** Explain and prove the Vanishing Theorem [SS10, Thm 3.2.]

Jean-Baptiste

## 7. The Bertini theorem over a DVR (4.12.14).

**Aim of the talk:** Explain the Bertini Theorem over a DVR [SS10, Thm 4.2] and its proof. this talk is independent from the previous talks.

Sina

## 8. Surjectivity of the cycle map (11.12.14).

**Aim of the talk:** Show that the cycle map  $\rho_X : CH_1(X) \otimes \Lambda \rightarrow H_2(X, \Lambda)$  for  $X$  quasi-semistable over  $R$  and  $\Lambda \in \{\mathbb{Z}/\ell^n, \mathbb{Q}_\ell/\mathbb{Z}_\ell\}$  is surjective. This involves the identification of the 2nd Kato homology of  $X$  with coefficients in  $\mathbb{Z}/\ell^n$  with the  $\ell^n$ -torsion in the Brauer group of  $X$ .

**Details:** Explain and prove [SS10, Thm 5.1]. Also explain the definition and the properties of the Brauer group used on the way. Then prove [SS10, Thm 5.3]. Finally combine [SS10, Lem 1.17] with the surjectivity of the cycle map to conclude that [SS10, Thm 1.16] is now proved for  $\dim X \leq 2$ .

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## 9. A Moving Lemma (18.12.15).

**Aim of the talk:** Explain the proof of the Moving Lemma [GLL13, Thm 2.3] under the assumption that  $S$  is excellent. This talk is independent from the previous talks. It will be used in **10** and **11** for Bloch's simplification of the proof of Theorem 2.

NN

## 10. Proof of Theorem 2, I (08.01.15).

**Aim of the talk:** In this and the next talk a proof of Theorem 2 should be presented, using the ingredients of the previous talks together with Bloch's simplification. We are mostly interested in the case of a finite residue field. According to [Blo13, Rmk A.4] this case can be proven using the arguments from [Blo13] and [SS10, §8, Step 2]. There are some details to fill in. If time permits Bloch's much shorter proof in the case of a separably closed residue field can also be presented.

Kay

## 11. Proof of Theorem 2, II (15.01.15).

**Aim of the talk:** See above.

Kay

## 12. The structure of the group of rational points of abelian varieties over a p-adic field (22.01.15).

**Aim of the talk:** State and sketch a proof of Mattuck's theorem [Mat55, Thm 7] saying the following:

Let  $K$  be a finite extension of  $\mathbb{Q}_p$  and  $A$  an abelian variety of dimension  $d$  over  $K$ . Then  $A(K)$  has a subgroup of finite index which is isomorphic to  $\mathcal{O}_K^{\oplus d}$ .

This talk is independent from the previous talks. It will be used in the talk 14 for the proof of Theorem 1.

Sina

## 13. Another moving lemma (29.01.15).

Prove the generalization of [SS10, 7.1] given in [GLL13, 6.10 (1)]. To do this, give a detail account of the generic moving lemma [GLL13, Th 6.4].

This talk is independent from the previous talks. It will be used in the last talk for the proof of [SS10, Cor 9.2, Cor 9.5].

Inder

## 14. Proof of Theorem 1 (05.02.15).

**Aim of the talk:** State and prove Theorem 1 the main result of this seminar.

**Details:** Explain the proofs of [SS10, Cor 9.6, Thm 9.7] and [SS10, Cor 9.2, Cor 9.5] in full details.

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