

## Differential Geometry II – Homework 05

Submission: June 03, 2022, 10:15 am

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### 1. Exercise (4 points)

Let  $\mathcal{X}(M)$  denote the set of all differentiable vector fields on a manifold  $M$ . Show: An  $\mathbb{R}$ -linear map  $A$  from  $\mathcal{X}(M)^s$ ,  $s \in \mathbb{N}$ , to the set of scalar functions on  $M$  is a  $(0, s)$  tensor if and only if

$$A(f_1 \cdot X_1, \dots, f_s \cdot X_s)|_p = f_1(p) \cdot \dots \cdot f_s(p) \cdot A(X_1, \dots, X_s)|_p$$

holds for arbitrary scalar functions  $f_1, \dots, f_s$  on  $M$  in every  $p \in M$ .

### 2. Exercise (4 points)

Let  $X, U, V, W$  be vector fields on a Riemannian manifold. Show that the *Riemannian curvature tensor*  $R$  fulfils the following properties:

- 1.)  $(\nabla_U R)(V, W)X + (\nabla_V R)(W, U)X + (\nabla_W R)(U, V)X = 0$  (second Bianchi identity),
- 2.)  $g(R(U, V)W, X) = -g(R(U, V)X, W)$ ,
- 3.)  $g(R(U, V)W, X) = g(R(W, X)U, V)$ .

### 3. Exercise (3 points)

Let  $\nabla$  and  $\tilde{\nabla}$  be two connections on a manifold  $M$ . Show that  $\nabla - \tilde{\nabla}$  is a  $(1, 2)$ -tensor field on  $M$ . Show that the assignment  $(X, Y) \mapsto \nabla_X Y$  is not a  $(1, 2)$ -tensor for vector fields  $X, Y$ .

*Please, turn over.*

**4. Exercise**

(5 points)

For  $k \in \{-1, 0, 1\}$ , consider the Riemannian manifolds  $(\mathbb{S}^n \setminus \{(0, \dots, 0, 1)\}, g_1)$ ,  $(\mathbb{R}^n, g_0)$ , and  $(\mathbb{H}^n, g_{-1})$  where

$$g_k|_p := \frac{4}{(1 + k \cdot |p|^2)^2} \delta_{ij}.$$

Show: The curvature tensors  $R_k$  of the Riemannian manifolds  $(\mathbb{S}^n \setminus \{(0, \dots, 0, 1)\}, g_1)$ ,  $(\mathbb{R}^n, g_0)$ , and  $(\mathbb{H}^n, g_{-1})$  satisfy

$$g_k(R_k(X, Y)Y, X) = k \cdot A^2(X, Y)$$

for all  $X, Y \in T_p\mathbb{S}^n$ ,  $T_p\mathbb{R}^n$ , or  $T_p\mathbb{H}^n$ , respectively, where

$$A^2(X, Y) = g_k(X, X)g_k(Y, Y) - g_k(X, Y)^2.$$

Total: 16