

## Complex Analysis – Homework 5

Submission: May, 25th, 2021, 10:15 am, via email

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### 1. Exercise (4 points)

Let  $\gamma_{(m,r)} : [0, 2\pi] \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ ,  $t \mapsto m + r \exp(it)$ , be the curve parameterizing the circle with center  $m \in \mathbb{C}$  and radius  $r \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ . Calculate the following integrals by using Cauchy's integral theorem and integral formula:

1.)  $\int_{\gamma_{(2,1)}} \frac{z^7+1}{z^2(z^4+1)} dz,$

2.)  $\int_{\gamma_{(i,1)}} \frac{\exp(z)}{z^2+1} dz,$

3.)  $\int_{\gamma_{(1,1)}} \left(\frac{z}{z-1}\right)^n dz, n \in \mathbb{N},$

4.)  $\int_{\gamma_{(0, \frac{1}{2})}} \frac{\exp(1-z)}{z^3(1-z)} dz.$

### 2. Exercise (4 points)

1.) Decide which of the following sets are star domains. If a set is a star domain determine the set of points which can be connected to all points in the set by a straight line:

a)  $S_1 = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| < 1 \text{ and } |z+1| > \sqrt{2}\},$

b)  $S_2 = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| < 1 \text{ and } |z-2| > \sqrt{5}\},$

c)  $S_3 = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| < 2 \text{ and } |z+i| > 2\}.$

2.) Let  $S, \tilde{S} \subseteq \mathbb{C}$  be star domains and  $z^* \in \mathbb{C}$  be a point such that all points in  $S$  and  $\tilde{S}$  can be connected to  $z^*$  with a straight line. Decide whether  $S \cap \tilde{S}$  and  $S \cup \tilde{S}$  are star domains (w.r.t.  $z^*$ ).

*Please turn over.*

**3. Exercise**

(4 points)

Let  $S \subseteq \mathbb{C}$  be a star domain and let  $z^* \in S$  such that all points in  $S$  can be connected to  $z^*$  with a straight line. Show:

- 1.) Let  $a \in S$ . Then there exists a neighborhood  $U_a$  of  $a$  which is completely contained in  $S$  such that all for  $z \in U_a$  the three points  $z^*$ ,  $z$ , and  $a$  form a (possibly degenerate) triangle which is contained completely in  $U_a$ .
- 2.) Show that Cauchy's integral theorem holds for star domains.

**4. Exercise**

(4 points)

Let  $\mathbb{D} = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| < 1\}$  and  $G \subset \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$  be a domain containing  $\bar{\mathbb{D}} \setminus \{0\}$ . Further, let  $f : G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be a holomorphic map that is bounded on  $\bar{\mathbb{D}} \setminus \{0\}$ . Show:

$$\int_{\partial\mathbb{D}} f(z) dz = 0.$$

Total: 16