

## Complex Analysis – Homework 4

Submission: May, 18th, 2021, 10:15 am, via email

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### 1. Exercise (5 points)

Consider the curve  $\gamma : [0, 4\pi] \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  fulfilling  $\gamma(0) = \gamma(4) = 1$ ,  $\gamma(1) = i$ ,  $\gamma(2) = -1$ , and  $\gamma(3) = -i$ . Additionally,  $\gamma$  is affine linear on each interval  $[k, k+1]$ ,  $k \in \{0, \dots, 3\}$ .

- 1.) Parameterize  $\gamma$  explicitly.
- 2.) Determine the following integral directly (i.e. without using path independence or Cauchy's theorem):

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{z} dz.$$

### 2. Exercise (5 points)

Let  $G \subset \mathbb{C}$  be an open convex set and let  $f : G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be holomorphic with continuous derivative  $f'$ . Assume that

$$|f'(z) - 1| < 1 \text{ for all } z \in G.$$

The inequality assures that  $f'$  is close to 1. Show that  $f$  is injective on  $G$ .

### 3. Exercise (6 points)

Show the following (weakened) version of the theorem of Goursat:

Let  $\Delta$  be a closed triangle in  $\mathbb{C}$  and  $z_0 \in \Delta$ . Further, let  $U \subset \mathbb{C}$  be an open neighborhood of  $\Delta$  and  $f : U \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be a continuous function which is holomorphic on  $U \setminus \{z_0\}$ . Then, the following holds:

$$\int_{\partial\Delta} f(z) dz = 0.$$

Total: 16