

Complex Analysis – Homework 2

Submission: May, 4th, 2021, 10:15 am, via email

1. Exercise

(7 points)

1.) Determine the Möbius transformation f explicitly which fulfils $f(0) = i$, $f(i) = \infty$, and $f(\infty) = 1$. Sketch the images of the following subsets of $\hat{\mathbb{C}}$ under f :

- a) $\mathcal{Q}_1 := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0, \operatorname{Im}(z) > 0\}$,
- b) $\mathcal{Q}_2 := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0, \operatorname{Im}(z) < 0\}$,
- c) $\mathcal{Q}_3 := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Re}(z) < 0, \operatorname{Im}(z) > 0\}$,
- d) $\mathcal{Q}_4 := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Re}(z) < 0, \operatorname{Im}(z) < 0\}$.

Where are the real and the imaginary axis mapped to?

2. Exercise

(5 points)

- 1.) Show that every Möbius transformation has at least one fixed point.
- 2.) Let f be a Möbius transformation with exactly one fixed point. Show that there exists a Möbius transformation g and $\alpha \in \mathbb{C}$ such that

$$(g^{-1} \circ f \circ g)(z) = z + \alpha.$$

3. Exercise

(4 points)

Consider the following elementary transformations $\hat{\mathbb{C}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbb{C}}$

$$\tau_\lambda(z) := z + \lambda, \quad \rho(z) := \frac{1}{z}, \quad \sigma_\lambda(z) := \lambda z \text{ for } \lambda \in \mathbb{C} \text{ fixed.}$$

- 1.) What do τ_λ , ρ , and σ_λ geometrically cause? Give a short description.
- 2.) Let $f(z) = \frac{az+b}{cz+d}$ be a Möbius transformation with $c \neq 0$. Show that

$$f(z) = (\tau_{\lambda_1} \circ \sigma_{\lambda_2} \circ \rho \circ \tau_{\lambda_3})(z) \text{ where } \lambda_1 = \frac{a}{c}, \lambda_2 = \frac{bc-ad}{c^2}, \lambda_3 = \frac{d}{c}.$$

Total: 16