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## **Discrete Mathematics for Bioinformatics (P1)**

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### **Exercises 7**

1. Transform the linear optimization problem

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \min & 2x_1 & + \quad 3x_2 \\ \text{w.r.t.} & 3x_1 & + \quad 6x_2 \leq 7 \\ & 2x_1 & + \quad 2x_2 = 5 \\ & & x_2 \geq 0 \end{array}$$

to the canonical form  $\max\{c^T x \mid Ax = b, x \geq 0\}$ .

2. Consider the linear optimization problem:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \max & 3x_1 & + \quad 4x_2 \\ \text{w.r.t.} & 3x_1 & + \quad 2x_2 \leq 12 \\ & 5x_1 & + \quad 10x_2 \leq 30 \\ & & 2x_2 \leq 5 \\ & x_1, & x_2 \geq 0 \end{array}$$

- (a) Determine the feasible region.  
(b) Solve the optimization problem graphically.  
(c) Solve the problem for the new objective function  $6x_1 + 12x_2$ .

3. Consider the linear optimization problem:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \max & c_1x_1 & + c_2x_2 \\ \text{w.r.t.} & x_1 & - x_2 \leq 1 \\ & x_1, & x_2 \geq 0 \end{array}$$

Determine coefficients  $(c_1, c_2)$  of the objective function such that

- (a) the problem has a unique optimal solution.
- (b) the problem has multiple optimal solutions and the set of optimal solutions is bounded.
- (c) the problem has multiple optimal solutions and the set of optimal solutions is unbounded.
- (d) the problem has feasible solutions, but no optimal solutions.

Finally, add one constraint so that the problem becomes infeasible.

#### 4. Profit optimization

A plant produces two types of refrigerators,  $A$  and  $B$ . There are two production lines, one dedicated to producing refrigerators of Type  $A$ , the other to producing refrigerators of type  $B$ . The capacity of the production line for  $A$  is 60 units per day, the capacity of the production line for  $B$  is 50 units per day. Type  $A$  requires 20 minutes of labor whereas type  $B$  requires 40 minutes of labor. Presently, there is a maximum of 40 hours of labor per day. According to national environment protection laws at least 50% of the produced refrigerators has to be of type  $B$ . Profit contributions are \$20 per refrigerator of type  $A$  produced and \$25 per type  $B$  produced. What should the daily production be?

- (a) Formulate the problem as a linear program.
- (b) Solve the linear program graphically to compute the coordinates of the optimal solution as well as its value.