## Exercise Sheet 2

Submission: 09.05.2023, 10:15 AM


Figure 1: Left: Quadrilateral surface. Right: Drawing of Császár torus.

## Exercise 1. (12 points)

i) Determine the genus of a closed simplicial surface with 20 triangles and 12 vertices.
ii) Sketch ${ }^{\top}$ two nonisomorphic examples of a closed simplicial surface with 20 triangles and 12 vertices which are both not the icosahedron. Why are your examples nonisomorphic?
iii) How many edges does a simplicial double torus with 1200 vertices have?
iv) Let $Q$ be a quadrilateral surface (see Figure 1 a for an example) and $v, e, f, g$, and $\chi$ denote the number of vertices, number of edges, number of faces, genus, and Euler characteristic of $Q$.
a) Show that $\chi=v-e+f$ still holds.
b) Determine $v, e, f, g$, and $\chi$ for the example shown in Figure 1a
v) Give three examples for simplicial complexes having the same Euler characteristic but which are not simplicially isomorphic ${ }^{2}$, Justify your choice.

Exercise 2. (4 points) The Császár torus ${ }^{3}$ is a two-dimensional simplicial complex consisting of 7 vertices, 21 edges, and 14 triangles, cf. Figure 1b. Vertices labeled with the same index are identified and the edges are identified accordingly. Determine

- $\operatorname{star}([2]), \operatorname{star}([3,4]), \operatorname{star}([1,5,6])$,
- $\operatorname{link}([2]), \operatorname{link}([3,4]), \operatorname{and} \operatorname{link}([1,5,6])$.

Please use the definition of a star stated in the script.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Think of an appropriate representation.
    ${ }^{2}$ They are not isomorphic as simplicial complexes.
    ${ }^{3}$ A model of the Császár torus can be found in JavaView, i.e. in File - Open - JavaView Models in the category Polytope.

