

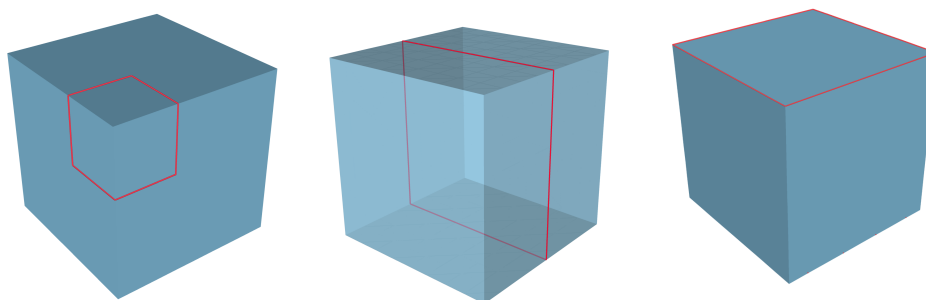
Differential Geometry I – Homework 11

Submission: January 31, 2018, 12:15 am

1. Exercise

(6 points)

Let $\gamma_i : [0, 1] \rightarrow M_h$ be the closed curves on the cube's surface M_h shown below. Let v be an initial tangent vector at $\gamma_i(0)$, $i \in \{1, 2, 3\}$.



- 1.) In all three cases, compute the angle defect $\beta_N^i(1) - \beta_N^i(0)$ for the parallel transport of v along γ_i as well as the integrals $\int_0^1 \kappa_{g,i}(t) dt$.
- 2.) Verify the discrete Gauß-Bonnet-formula for the region bounded by γ_i in all three cases.¹

2. Exercise

(4 points)

Let X be vector field along a geodesic γ .

Show: X is parallel along γ if and only if X has got constant length and X encloses a constant angle with $\dot{\gamma}$.

¹Choose your preferred orientation.

3. Exercise

(4 points)

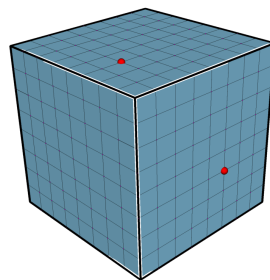
Use the Gauß-Bonnet-theorem to prove the following claims.

- 1.) The sum of angles of a Euclidean triangle is equal to π .
- 2.) Let c be a simple², closed planar curve. Then $\int_c \kappa_g = 2\pi$.
- 3.) On a simply connected surface S with negative Gaussian curvature two geodesics emanating from a point $p \in S$ do not meet in a second point $q \in S$.
- 4.) A surface homeomorphic to a torus always has a point of vanishing Gaussian curvature.

4. Exercise

(2 points)

Find and sketch two discrete geodesics connecting the two highlighted points—one of them being a shortest, one not being a shortest geodesic. Justify your solution.



Total: 16

²I.e., there are no self intersections.